The 7th International Conference "Distributed Computing and Grid-technologies in Science and Education" (GRID 2016)



Contribution ID: 97

Type: Poster presentations

Formation and stability of structural defects in the crystaline structure of lead dioxide: a DFT study

Monday, 4 July 2016 17:30 (1 hour)

The mechanism of conductibility for lead dioxide - which is the main component of the psoitive electrode of the lead-acid batteries - was elucidated only recently. The DFT calculations as well as experiminal data indicated that a concentration of 1 to 2 percent of deffects in the crystal structure of lead dioxide may result in a significant change of the conductibility - which in particular proves to be essential for the functionong of the lead-acid battery.

The aim of our investigation is to determine the energy barrier associated to formation of these defects as well as the geometric parameters characterizing them. To this end we used DFT calculations to point out the value of energy barriers existing between different structures of lead dioxide (i.e. ideal structure as well as structures including defects). We present different structures, the value of energy barriers and the paths connecting the ideal to defect structures.

Primary author: Mrs VARODI, Codruta Mihaela (National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies Cluj-Napoca, Romania)

Co-authors: Dr MORARI, IOAN CRISTIAN (National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies INCDTIM Cluj-Napoca, Romania); Dr BUIMAGA IARINCA, LUIZA TANIA (National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies INCDTIM Cluj-Napoca, Romania)

Presenter: Mrs VARODI, Codruta Mihaela (National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies Cluj-Napoca, Romania)

Session Classification: Poster Session