



Λ production in 4A GeV Carbon-nucleus interactions

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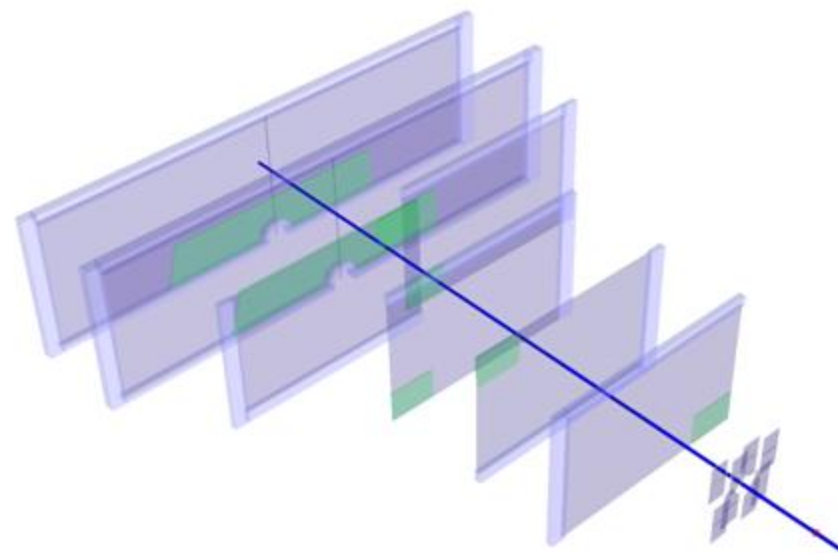
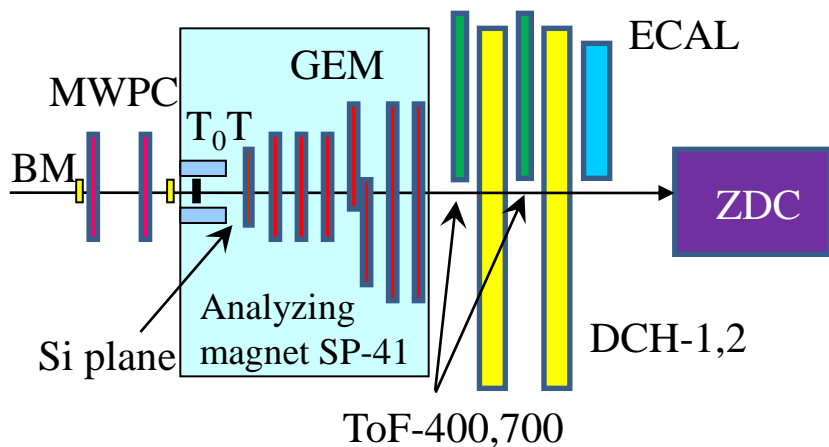
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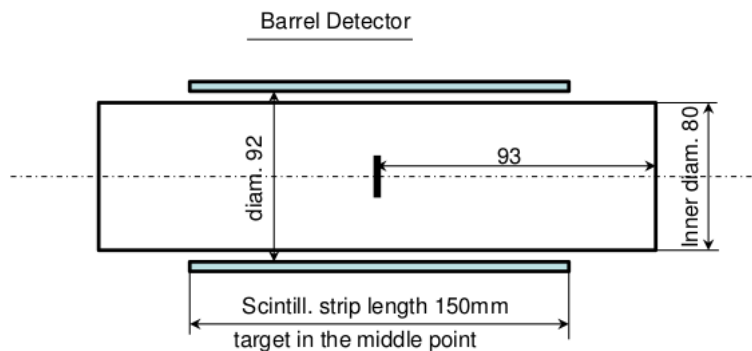
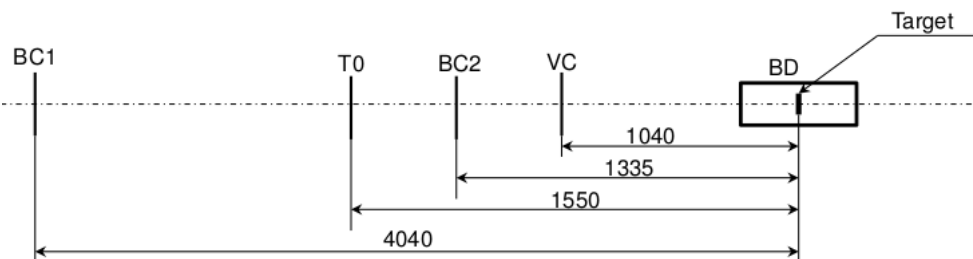
BM@N DAC meeting
18.06.2019

1. Technical run with carbon beam (March 2017)
 - ✓ BM@N detector set-up
2. Data analysis ($C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ at 4A GeV)
 - ✓ Selection criteria
 - ✓ Reconstructed signal of Λ (dN/dy & dN/p_T spectra)
 - ✓ Data - MC agreement: multiplicity, momentum spectra
 - ✓ Decomposition of Λ reconstruction efficiency
 - ✓ Cross section and yields of Λ
 - ✓ Systematic errors and extrapolation factors
 - ✓ Reconstructed p_T spectra of Λ and extracted temperature
3. Summary

BM@N set-up in carbon run



Central tracker in carbon run.



Schematic view and positions of the beam counters, barrel detector and target.

Event selection criteria



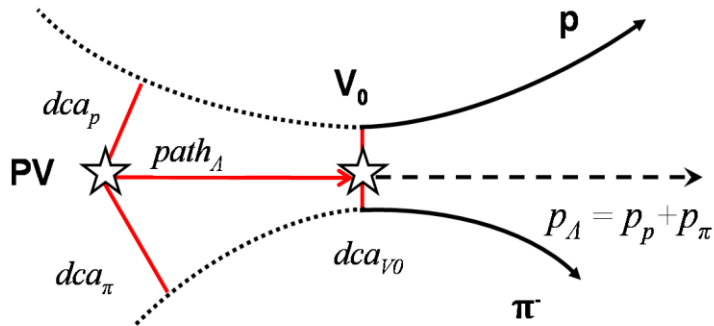
- ✓ Number of tracks in selected events: $\text{pos} \geq 1$, $\text{neg} \geq 1$;
- ✓ Beam halo, pile-up suppression within the readout time window: number of signals in the start detector: $T0=1$, number of signals in the beam counter: $BC2=1$, number of signals in the veto counter around the beam: $Veto=0$;
- ✓ Trigger condition in the barrel multiplicity detector: number of signals $BD \geq 2$ or $BD \geq 3$ (run dependent).

Cut	1	2	3	4
$T0==1$	+			+
$BC2==1$		+		+
$Veto==0$			+	+
<i>C</i>	77.0	82.7	82.1	67.4
<i>Al</i>	82.4	87.5	86.0	74.0
<i>Cu</i>	86.0	89.1	87.9	77.9

Table. Number of triggered events, beam fluxes and integrated luminosities collected in the carbon beam of 4A GeV.

Interactions (target thickness)	Number of triggers / 10^6	Integrated beam flux / 10^7	Integrated luminosity / 10^{30} cm^{-2}
<i>C+C</i> (9mm)	4.57	6.99	7.16
<i>C+Al</i> (12mm)	5.35	4.41	3.11
<i>C+Cu</i> (5mm)	5.31	4.57	1.98

Λ hyperon selection criteria



- ✓ Number of hits in 1 Si + 6 GEM per track > 3
- ✓ Momentum range of positive tracks: $p_{pos} < 3.9 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ✓ Momentum range of negative tracks: $p_{neg} > 0.3 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ✓ Distance of minimum approach of $V0$ tracks: $dca < 1 \text{ cm}$
- ✓ Distance between $V0$ and primary vertex: $path > 2.5 \text{ cm}$

Event topology:

- ✓ **PV** – primary vertex
- ✓ **V_0** – vertex of hyperon decay
- ✓ **dca** – distance of the closest approach
- ✓ **path** – decay length

Table. Reconstructed signals of Λ in p_T and y bins.
The first error presents the statistical uncertainty, the second error is systematical.

Target Interval	Y			Target Interval	p_T		
	C	Al	Cu		C	Al	Cu
1.2-1.45	103±27±18	265±45±30	591±69±46	0.1-0.3	454±68±46	652±84±56	625±85±58
1.45-1.65	250±43±29	510±59±38	601±60±39	0.3-0.55	296±44±29	717±80±53	797±81±54
1.65-1.85	338±57±38	550±72±48	576±77±52	0.55-0.8	128±31±20	462±65±43	379±61±41
1.85-2.1	253±51±35	443±72±49	371±67±45	0.8-1.05	N/A	96±39±27	133±44±30

Signal of Λ in $C+Cu$ interaction

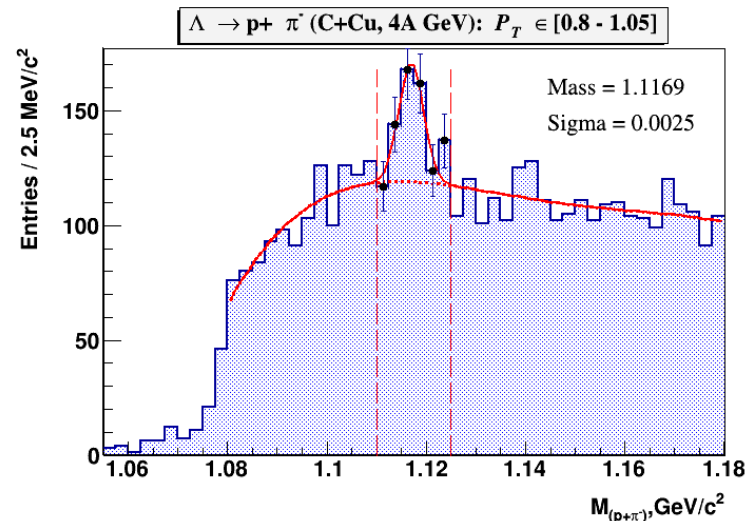
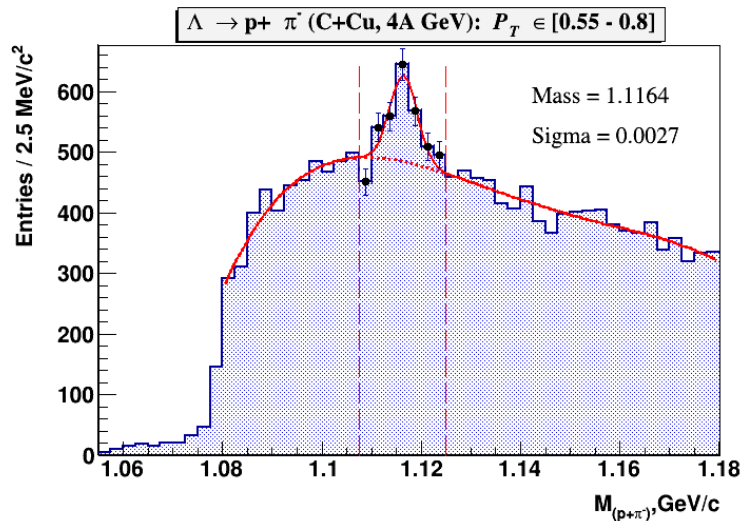
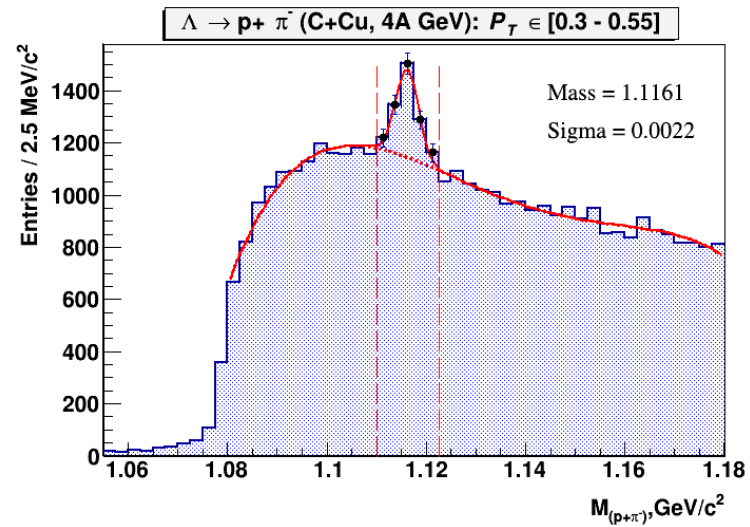
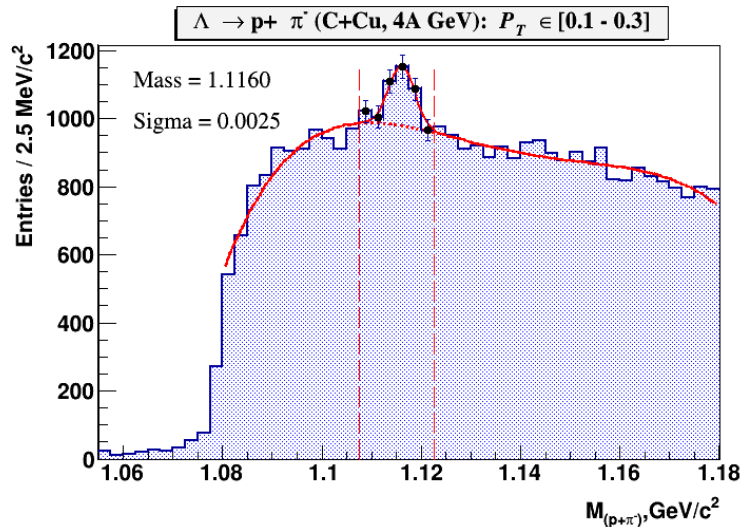


Fig. $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi$ signal reconstructed in $C+Cu$ interaction in bins of the transverse momentum p_T . The signal is fitted by a Gaussian function, the background is fitted by the 4th degree polynomial.

Signal of Λ in $C+Cu$ interaction

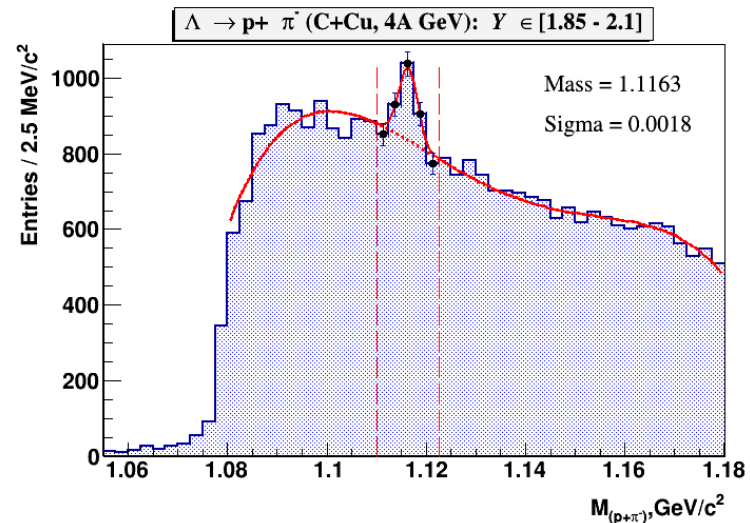
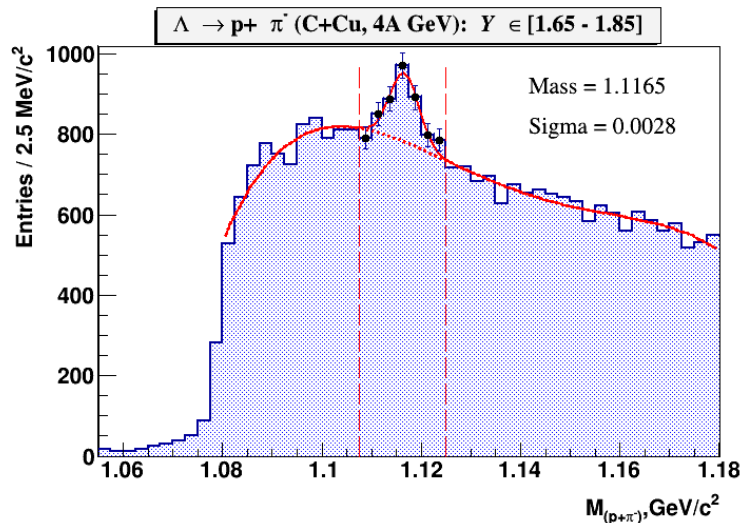
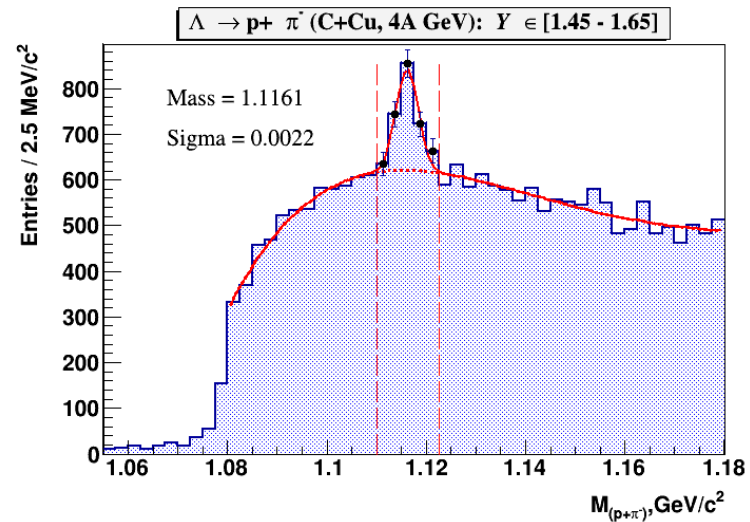
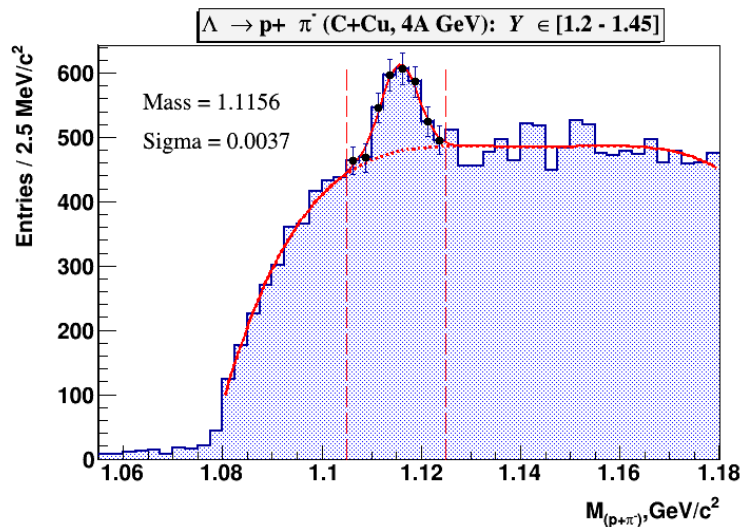


Fig. $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi$ signal reconstructed in $C+Cu$ interaction in bins of the rapidity y . The signal is fitted by a Gaussian function, the background is fitted by the 4th degree polynomial.

Signal of Λ in $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ interactions

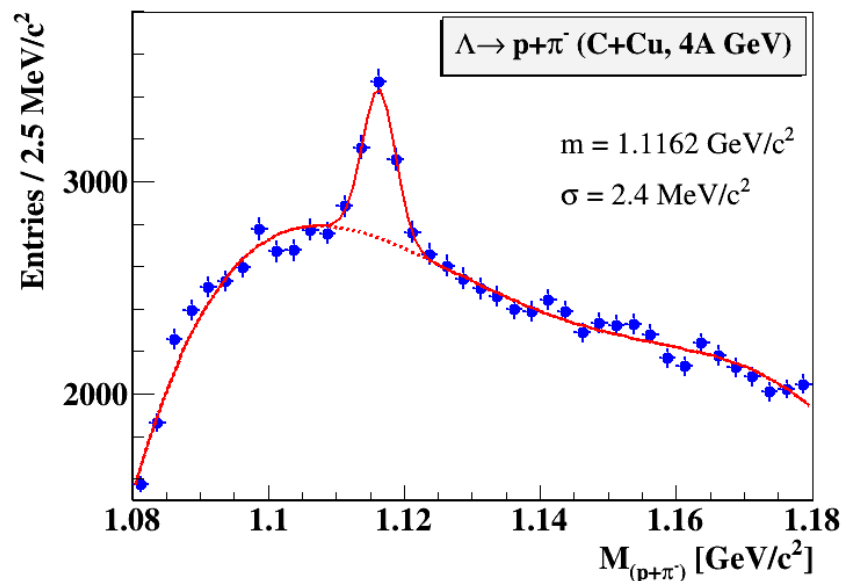
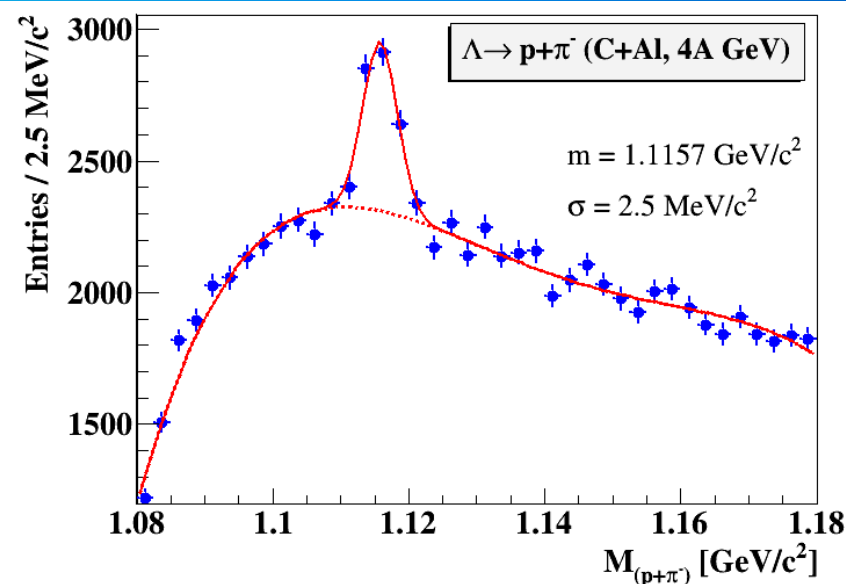
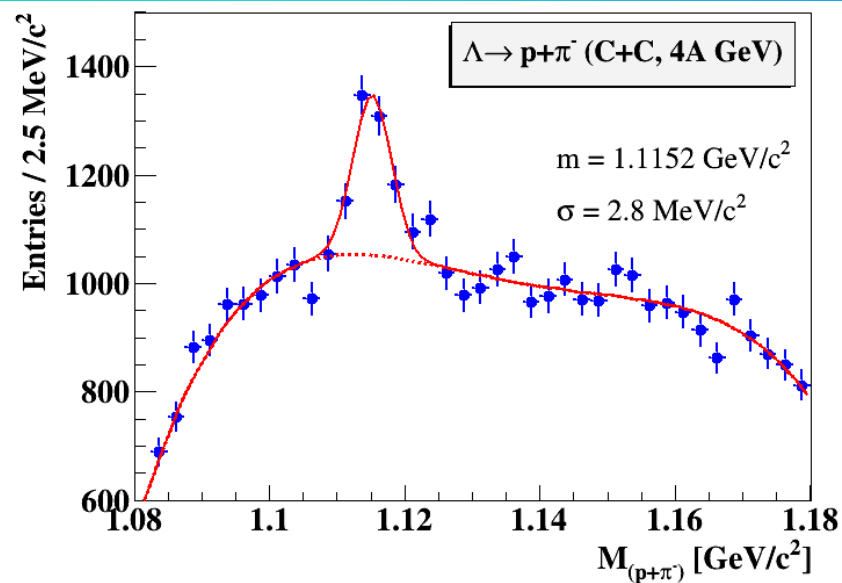


Fig. $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$ signal reconstructed in interactions of the carbon beam with targets: C , Al , Cu .

Variation of sigma

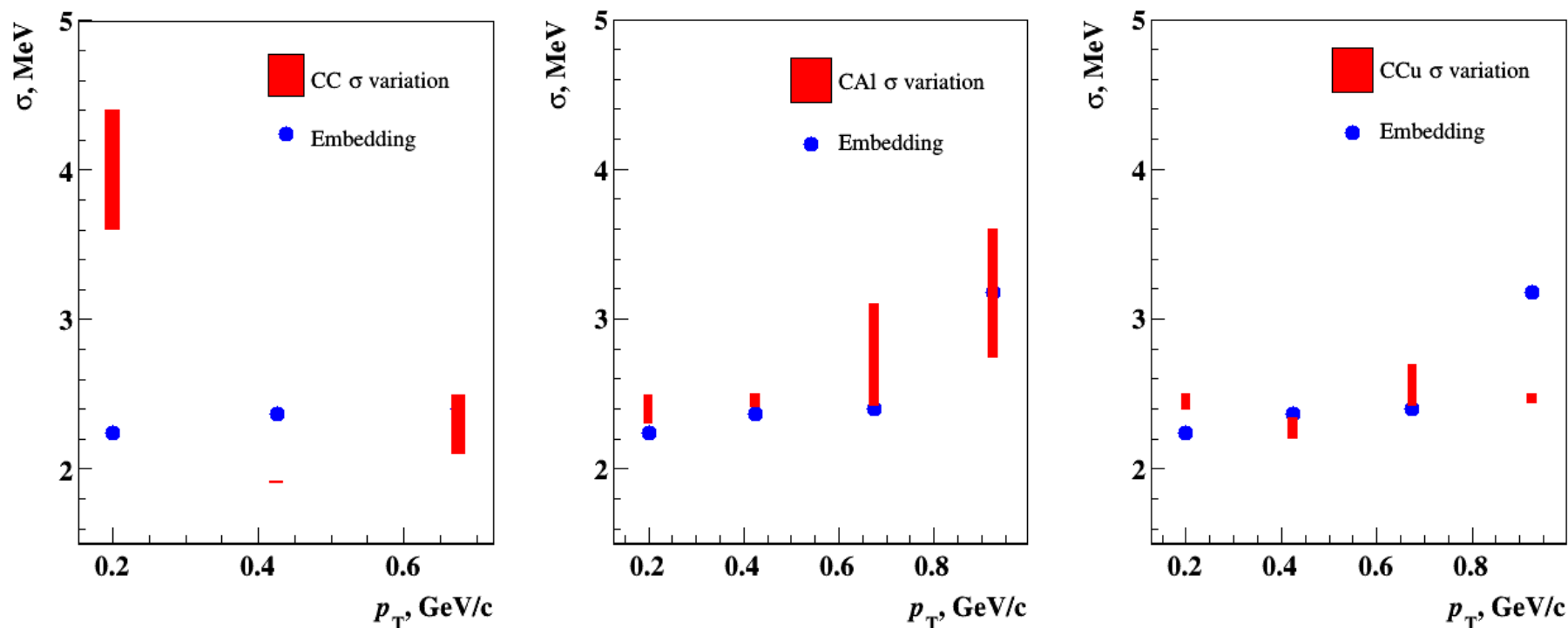


Fig. Variation of sigma of the experimental Λ and embedded Λ signals reconstructed in bins of p_T in $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ interactions. To estimate statistical fluctuations of the experimental Λ signal, the Gaussian fit is performed for the mass distribution shifted at a half of the mass bin ($1.25 \text{ MeV}/c^2$). The difference in sigma is presented as an error band.

Number of reconstructed Λ hyperons

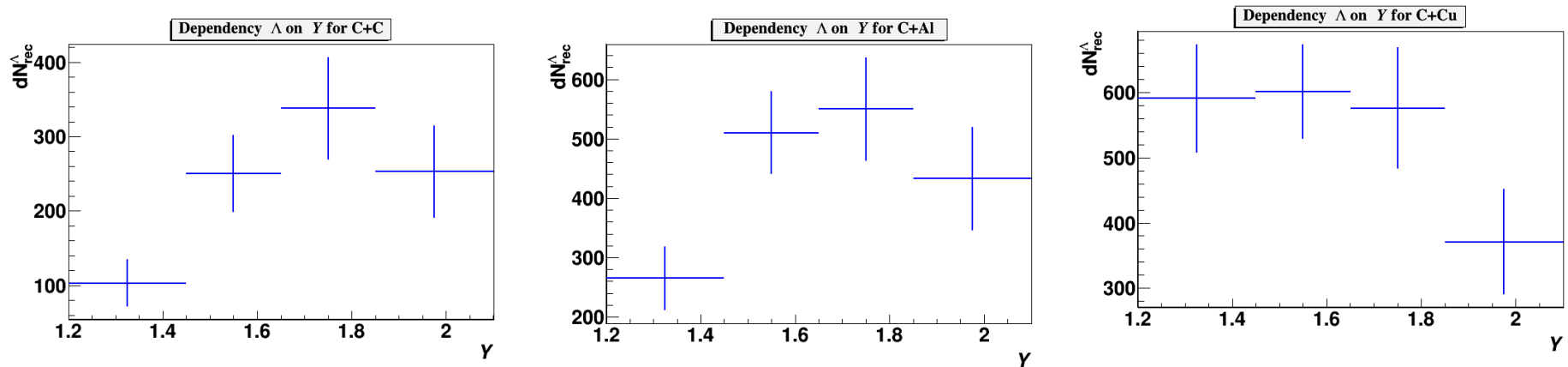


Fig.15. Number of reconstructed Λ hyperons in $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ data samples in bins of y .

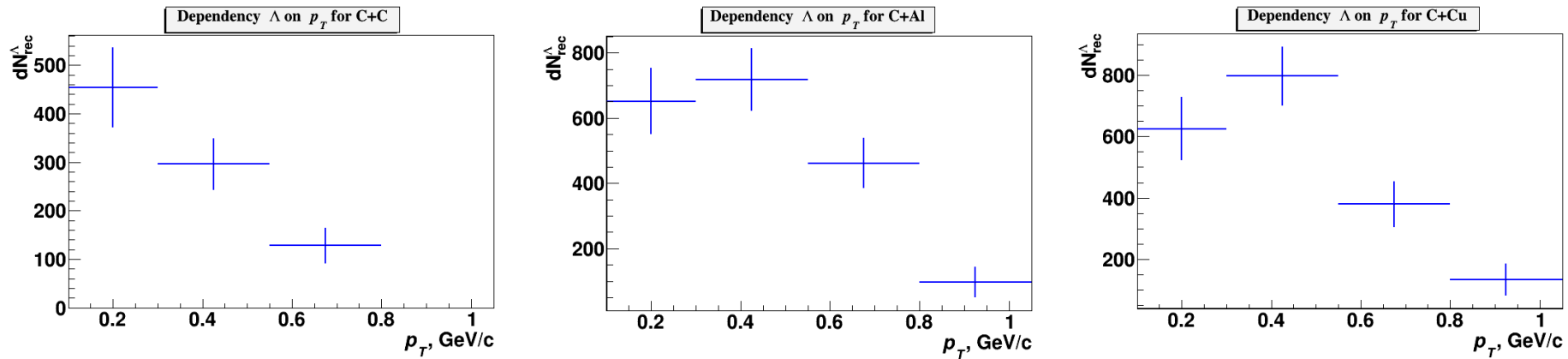


Fig. Number of reconstructed Λ hyperons in $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ data samples in bins of p_T .

Comparison of experimental data and MC

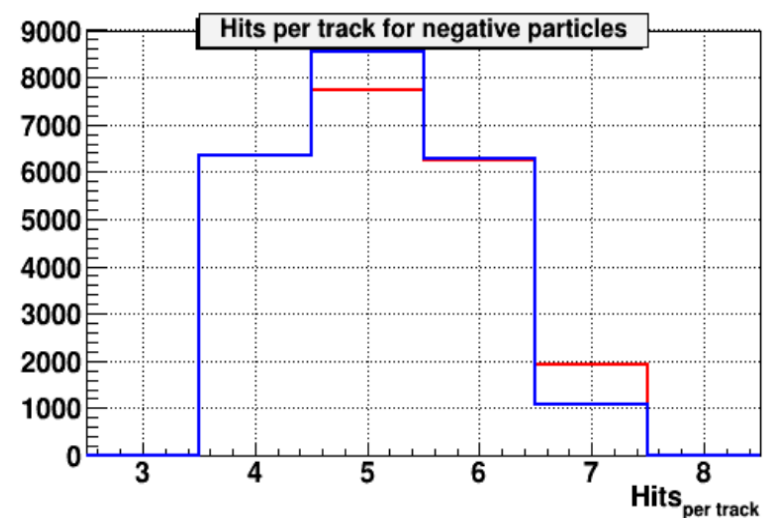
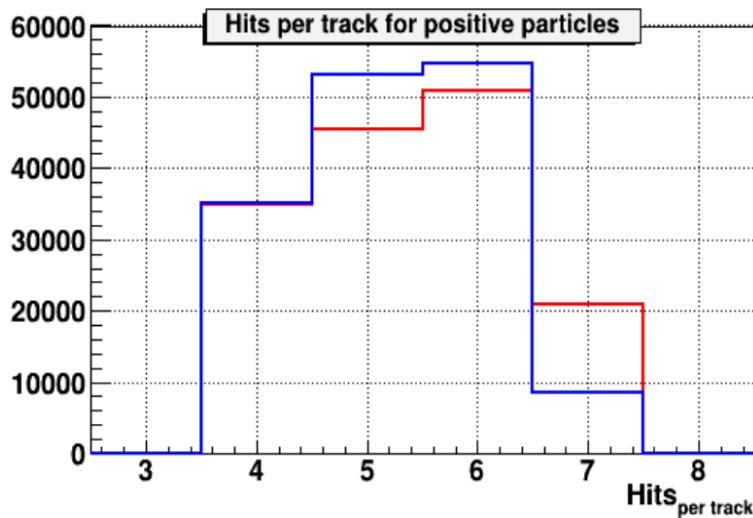
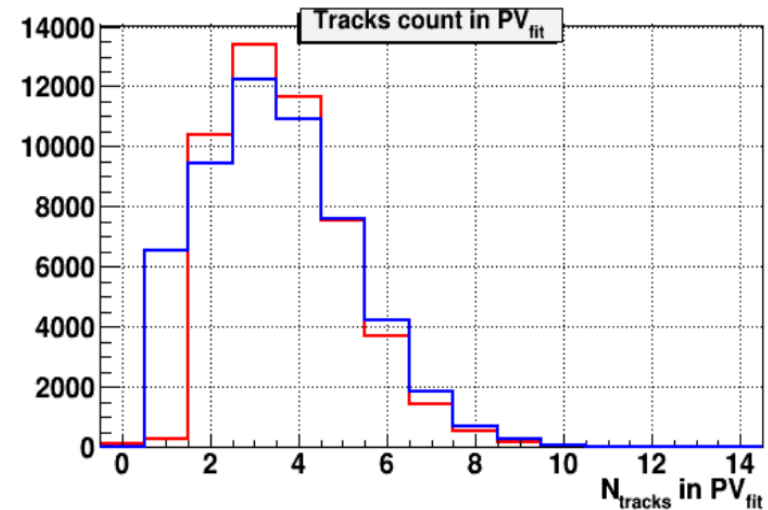
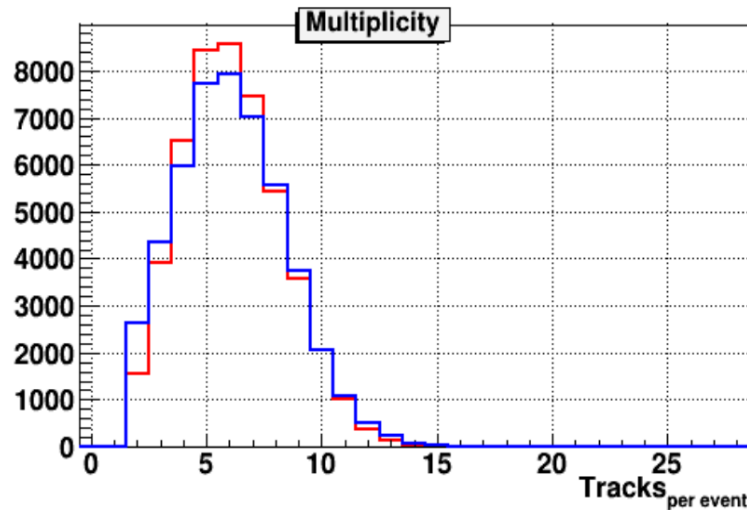


Fig. Comparison of experimental distributions (red lines) and MC (DCM-QGSM) (blue curves) in $C+Cu$ interaction: track multiplicity per event; number of tracks reconstructed in the primary vertex; number of hits per positive particle reconstructed in 1 Si + 6 GEM detectors; number of hits per negative particle.

Comparison of experimental data and MC

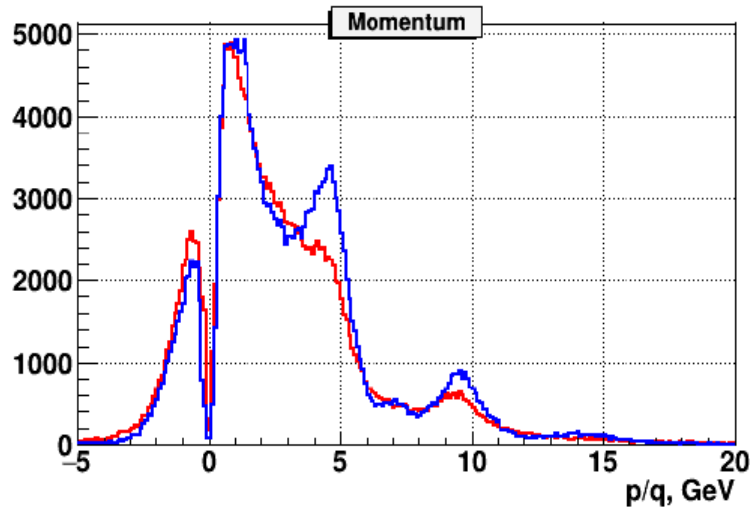
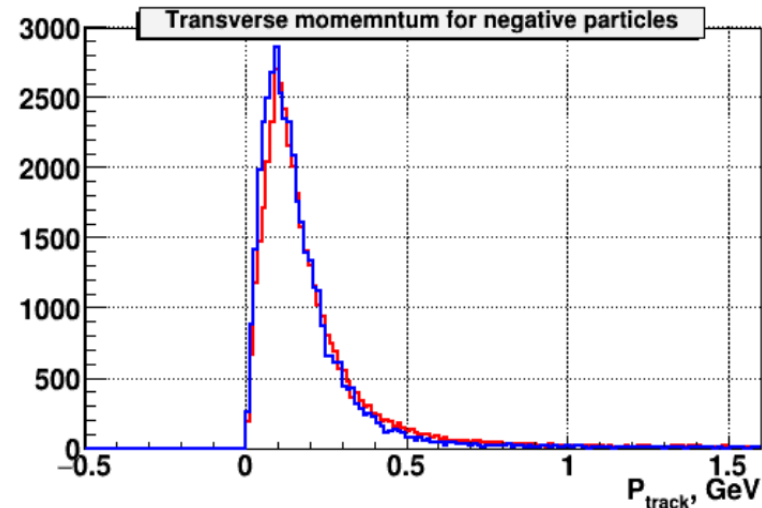
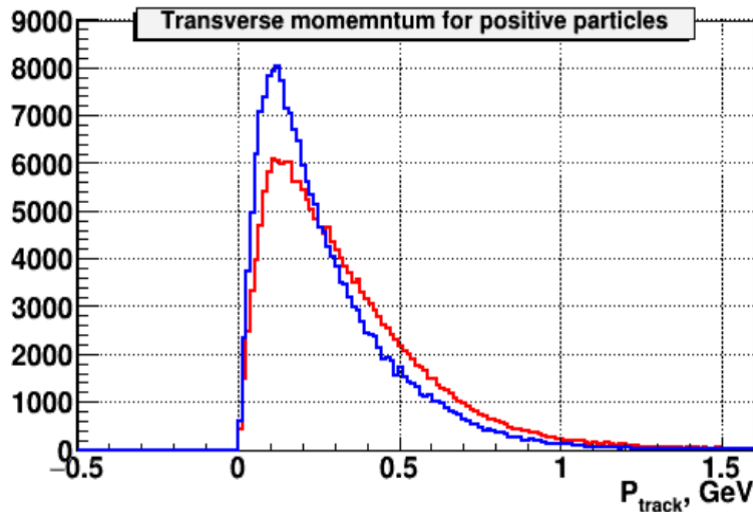


Fig. Comparison of experimental data (red curves) and MC (DCM-QGSM) simulation (blue curves) in $C+Cu$ interaction: transverse momentum of positive particles; transverse momentum of negative particles; total momentum of negative ($p/q < 0$) and positive particles ($p/q > 0$).

Table. Decomposition of \mathcal{A} reconstruction efficiency.

Reconstruction efficiency	$\varepsilon_{rec} = \varepsilon_{acc} \cdot \varepsilon_{emb} \cdot \varepsilon_{cuts}$
\mathcal{A} geometrical acceptance in GEM detectors	$\varepsilon_{acc} = N_{acc}(y, p_T) / N_{gen}(y, p_T)$
Efficiency of reconstruction of embedded \mathcal{A}	$\varepsilon_{emb} = N_{emb}(y, p_T) / N_{acc}(y, p_T)$
Efficiency of \mathcal{A} selection: kinematical and spatial cuts	$\varepsilon_{cuts} = N_{rec}(y, p_T) / N_{emb}(y, p_T)$

Efficiency in $C+Cu$ interaction

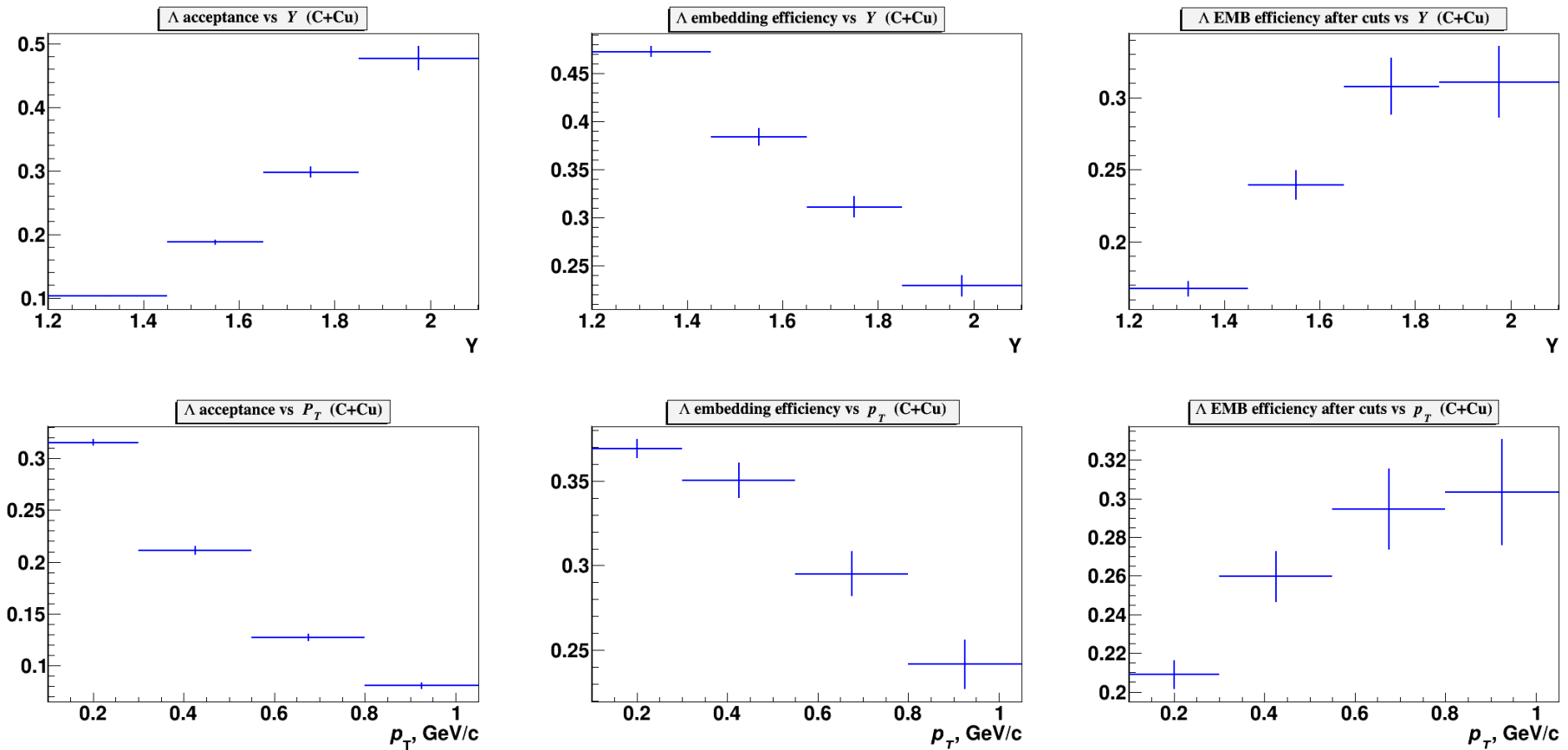


Fig. Λ geometrical acceptance (ε_{acc}); efficiency of reconstruction of embedded Λ (ε_{emb}); efficiency of kinematical and spatial cuts applied for Λ reconstruction (ε_{cuts}) as functions of rapidity y (top plots) and p_T (bottom plots). Results are shown for $C+Cu$ interaction.

Cross section and yields of Λ hyperon



The cross section σ_{Λ} and yield Y_{Λ} of Λ hyperon production in $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ interactions are calculated in bins of y and p_T according to the formulae:

$$\sigma_{\Lambda}(y,p_T) = N_{rec}^{\Lambda}(y,p_T) / (\varepsilon_{rec}(y,p_T) \cdot \varepsilon_{trig} \cdot L); \quad Y_{\Lambda}(y,p_T) = \sigma_{\Lambda}(y,p_T) / \sigma_{inel}$$

where L is the luminosity,

N_{rec}^{Λ} —the number of reconstructed Λ hyperons,

ε_{rec} —the combined efficiency of the Λ hyperon reconstruction,

ε_{trig} —the trigger efficiency,

σ_{inel} — the cross section for minimum bias inelastic $C+A$ interactions.

Interaction	$C+C$	$C+Al$	$C+Cu$
Inelastic cross section, mb	830±50	1260±50	1790±50

The cross sections for inelastic $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ interactions are taken from the predictions of the DCM-QGSM model which are consistent with the results calculated by the formula: $\sigma_{inel} = \pi R_0^2 (A_P^{1/3} + A_T^{1/3})^2$, where $R_0 = 1.2$ fm is an effective nucleon radius, A_P and A_T are atomic numbers of the beam and target nucleus.

Table. Systematic uncertainty of the embedding efficiency.

Target Interval	y			Target Interval	p_T		
	C , sys%	Al , sys%	Cu , sys%		C , sys%	Al , sys%	Cu , sys%
1.2-1.45	2.09	4.22	2.93	0.1-0.3	4.94	9.37	6.61
1.45-1.65	1.75	4.11	3.31	0.3-0.55	3.07	0.64	1.30
1.65-1.85	7.96	4.78	4.19	0.55-0.8	4.59	0.34	0.08
1.85-2.1	5.44	1.24	6.09	0.8-1.05	3.03	6.28	2.36

Table. Systematic uncertainty of the total reconstruction efficiency.

Target Interval	y			Target Interval	p_T		
	C , sys%	Al , sys%	Cu , sys%		C , sys%	Al , sys%	Cu , sys%
1.2-1.45	2.09	4.22	2.93	0.1-0.3	4.94	9.37	6.61
1.45-1.65	1.75	4.11	3.31	0.3-0.55	3.07	0.64	1.30
1.65-1.85	7.96	4.78	4.19	0.55-0.8	4.59	0.34	0.08
1.85-2.1	5.44	1.24	6.09	0.8-1.05	3.03	6.28	2.36

Table. Total systematic uncertainty.

Target Interval	y			Target Interval	p_T		
	C , sys%	Al , sys%	Cu , sys%		C , sys%	Al , sys%	Cu , sys%
1.2-1.45	19.0	14.8	10.5	0.1-0.3	14.2	15.1	12.7
1.45-1.65	14.1	10.6	8.0	0.3-0.55	10.7	9.6	8.6
1.65-1.85	16.5	12.5	10.8	0.55-0.8	19.8	14.0	11.3
1.85-2.1	16.6	13.3	14.4	0.8-1.05	N/A	29.7	22.7
Normalization	6.0	4.0	2.8	Normalization	6.0	4.0	2.8

Ratio of impact parameter distributions

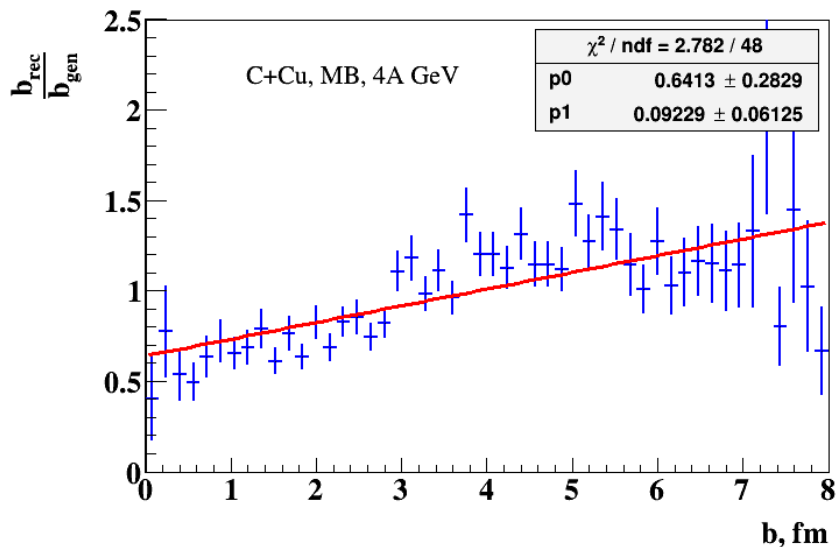
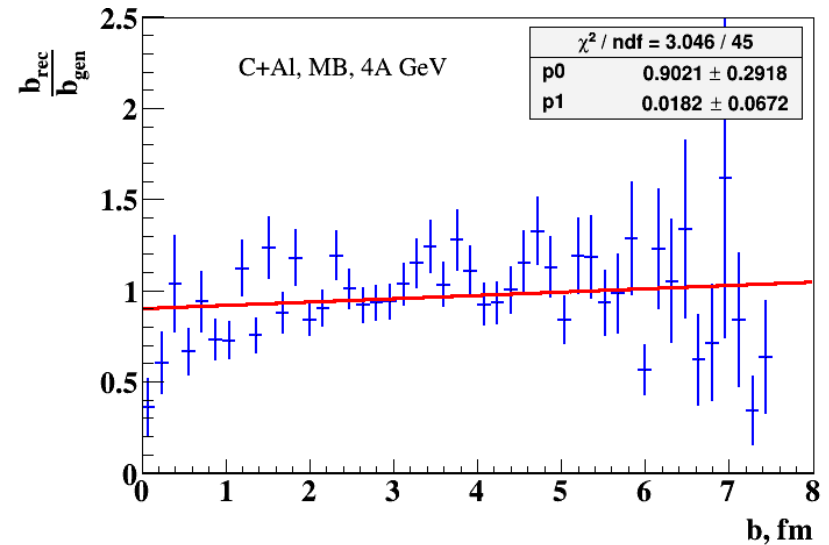
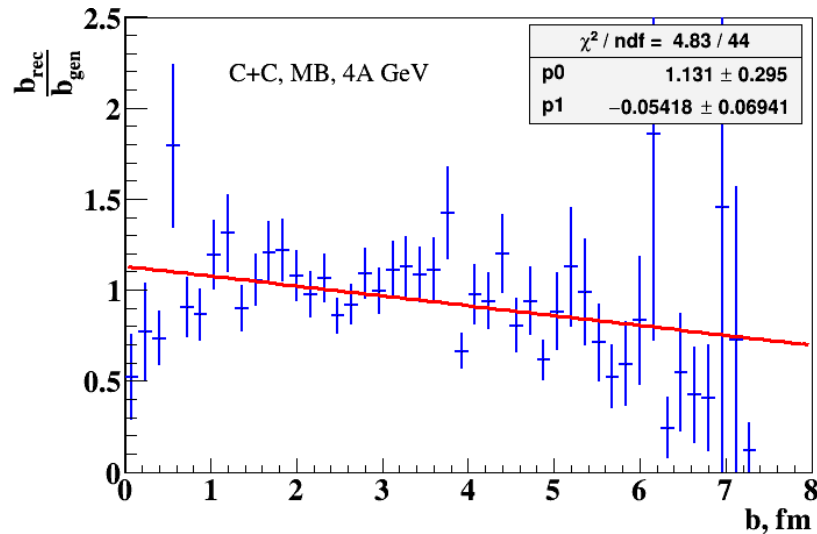


Fig. Ratio of impact parameter distributions for events with reconstructed Λ to events with generated Λ presented for $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ interactions. Linear fit of the distributions is superimposed.

Reconstructed yields of Λ hyperons

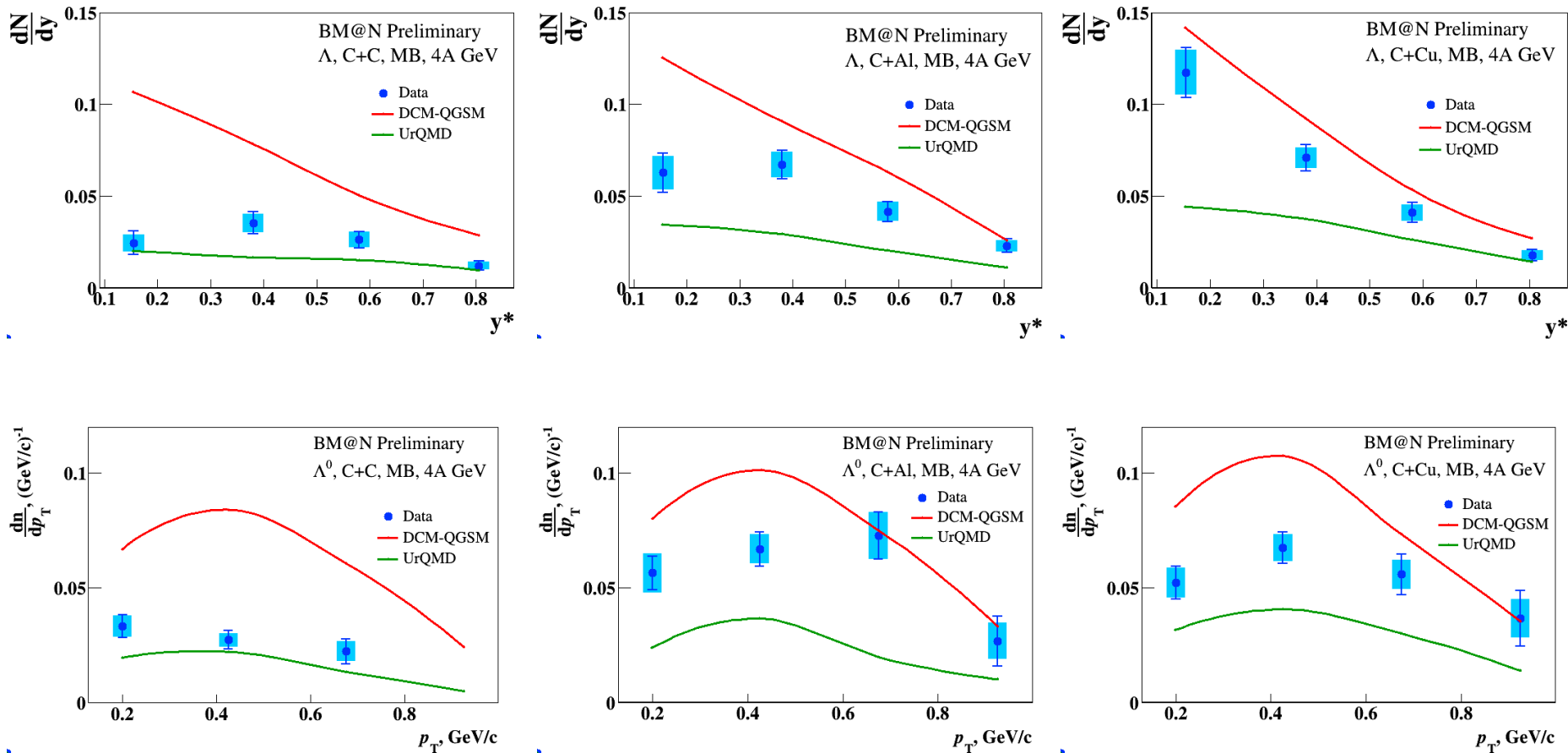


Fig. Reconstructed yields of Λ hyperons in minimum bias $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ interactions vs rapidity y and transverse momentum p_T .

Reconstructed p_T spectra of Λ and extracted T_0



Table. Temperature parameter extracted from the fit of the p_T spectra.

	T_0 , MeV (C+C)	T_0 , MeV (C+Al)	T_0 , MeV (C+Cu)
Experiment	$98 \pm 24 \pm 25$	$157 \pm 24 \pm 12$	$160 \pm 27 \pm 21$
χ^2/ndf	2.04/1	2.51/2	0.39/2
DCM-QGSM	122	129	131
UrQMD	107	127	132

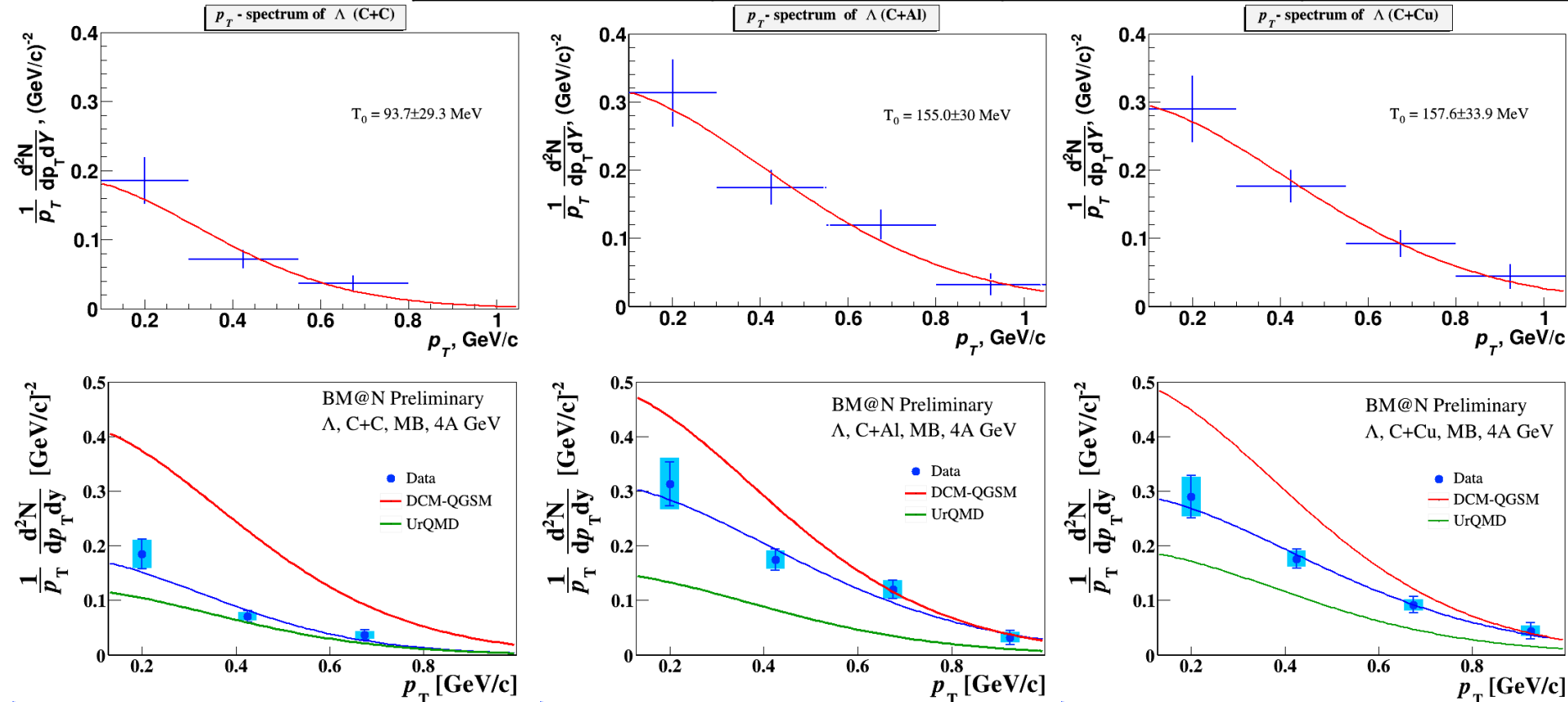


Fig. Thermal fit results with the inverse slope parameter T_0 : data and predictions of models.

p_T spectra of Λ : MC predictions

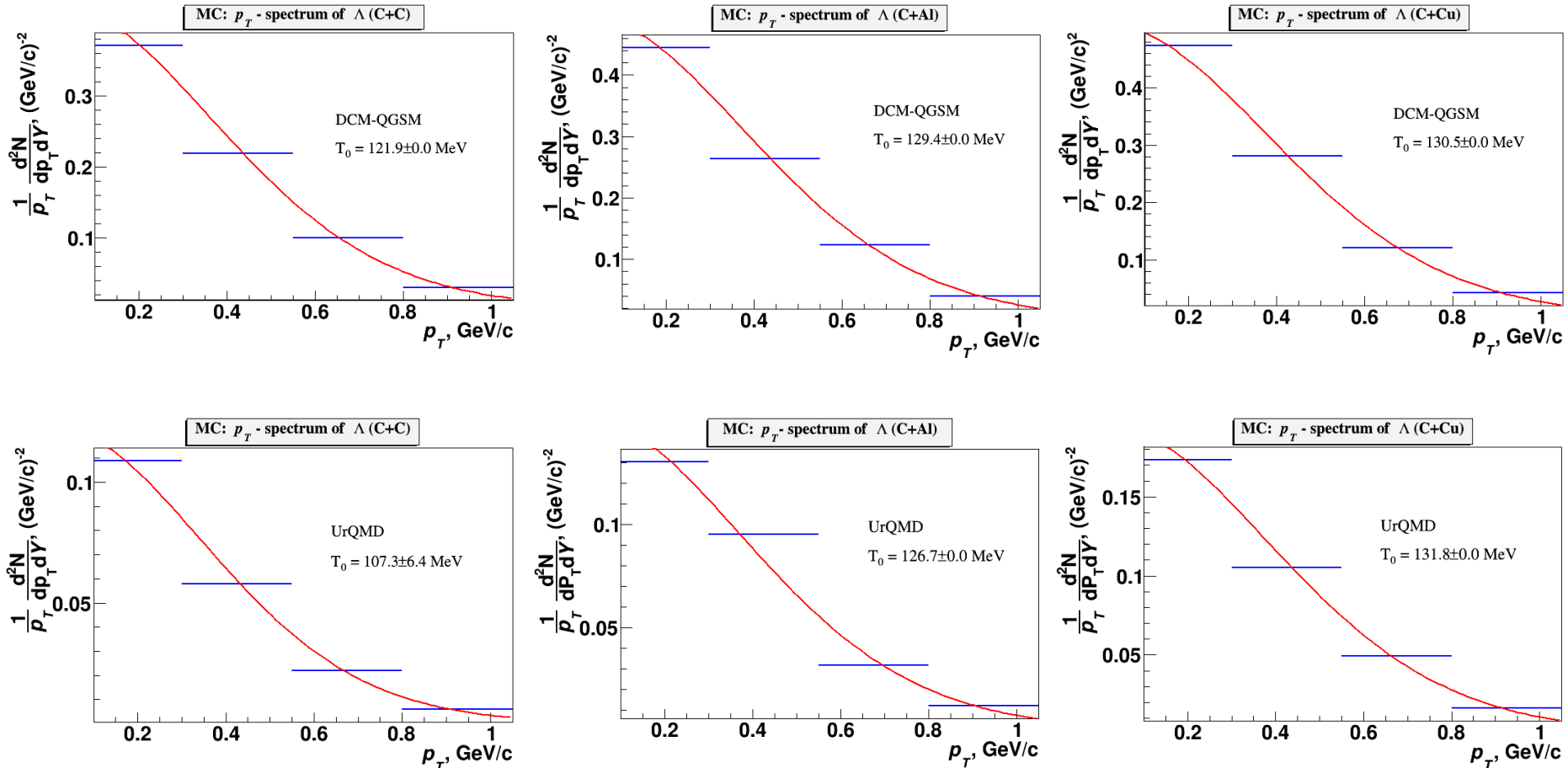


Fig. Fit of the DCM-QGSM and URQMD spectra. The inverse slope parameter T_0 is shown, extracted from the fit.

Extrapolation factors



Table. Extrapolation factors to the full kinematic range, yields and cross sections.

	<i>C</i>	<i>Al</i>	<i>Cu</i>
DCM-QGSM URQMD extrapolation factors	6574/2474 1827/639	10539/3413 3248/1056	15817/3545 5509/1360
Yields in the measured kin range $0.1 < p_T < 1.05$ GeV/c, $1.2 < y_{lab} < 2.1$	$0.0214 \pm 0.0023 \pm 0.0024$	$0.0431 \pm 0.0034 \pm 0.0035$	$0.0561 \pm 0.0039 \pm 0.0047$
Yields in the full kinematic range N part DCM-QGSM	$0.0589 \pm 0.0063 \pm 0.0065$ 9	$0.133 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.011$ 13.4	$0.239 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.020$ 23
<i>A</i> cross section in min. bias interactions, mb	$48.9 \pm 5.2 \pm 5.1$	$167 \pm 13 \pm 13$	$427 \pm 30 \pm 29$

The Λ yields and production cross section



Interacting nucleus / reference	Beam momentum, kinetic energy (T_0)	Λ cross section, mb	Λ yield, $\cdot 10^{-2}$
He_4+Li_6	4.5 GeV/c (3.66A GeV)	5.9 ± 1.5	1.85 ± 0.5
$C+C$	4.2 GeV/c (3.36A GeV)	24 ± 4	
$C+C$, propane chamber	4.2 GeV/c (3.36A GeV)		2.8 ± 0.3
$p+p$	4.95 GeV/c (4.1 GeV)		2.3 ± 0.4
$C+C$, HADES	2A GeV	$8.7 \pm 1.1 \pm^{3.2}_{1.6}$	$0.92 \pm 0.12 \pm^{0.34}_{0.17}$
$Ar+KCl$, HADES	1.76A GeV		$3.93 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.15$
$Ar+KCl$, FOPI	1.93A GeV		$3.9 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.08$
$Ni+Ni$, FOPI, central 390 mb from 3.1 b	1.93A GeV		$0.137 \pm 0.005 \pm^{0.009}_{0.025}$
$Ni+Cu$, EOS, full $b < 8.9$ fm / central $b < 2.4$ fm	2A GeV	$112 \pm 24 / 20 \pm 3$	
$Ar+KCl$, central $b < 2.4$ fm	1.8A GeV	7.6 ± 2.2	

Energy dependence of Λ yields

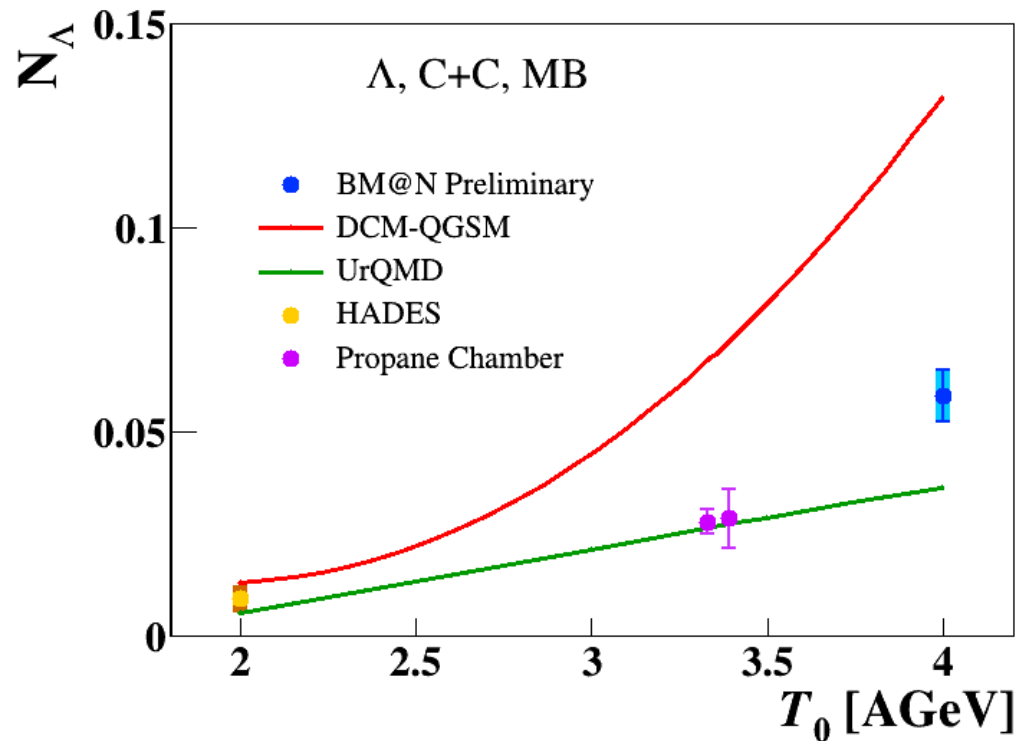


Fig. Energy dependence of Λ yields measured in different experiments. BM@N result is compared with data [S.Arakelian *et al.*, P1-83-354, JINR, Dubna; D.Armutlijsky *et al.*, P1-85-220, JINR, Dubna; Kalliopi Kanaki, PhD “Study of Λ hyperon production”]. The predictions of the DCM-QGSM and UrQMD models are shown.

1. Production of Λ hyperons in interactions of the 4A GeV kinetic energy carbon beam with *C*, *Al*, *Cu* targets was studied with the BM@N detector at the Nuclotron.
2. The analysis procedure has been presented and described.
3. Results on Λ hyperon yields have been obtained and compared with model predictions and data available.

Thank you for attention!

Backup



Table. Trigger efficiency evaluated for events with reconstructed Λ hyperons in interactions of the carbon beam with C , Al , Cu targets. The systematic errors take into account the uncertainty due to the delta electron background. The last row shows the trigger efficiency averaged over the data samples with trigger conditions $BD \geq 2$ and $BD \geq 3$.

Trigger / Target	C	Al	Cu
$\epsilon_{\text{trig}} (BD \geq 2)$	0.906 ± 0.010	0.955 ± 0.010	0.904 ± 0.01
$\epsilon_{\text{trig}} (BD \geq 3)$		0.923 ± 0.020	0.883 ± 0.02
ϵ_{trig} averaged		0.940 ± 0.015	0.893 ± 0.015

Table. Mean impact parameters of min. bias $C+C$, $C+Al$, $C+Cu$ interactions.

MC	b , fm ($C+C$)	b , fm ($C+Al$)	b , fm ($C+Cu$)
All min bias events	3.76	4.36	5.13
Events with gen. Λ	2.80	3.08	3.58
Events with rec. Λ	2.71	3.18	3.88

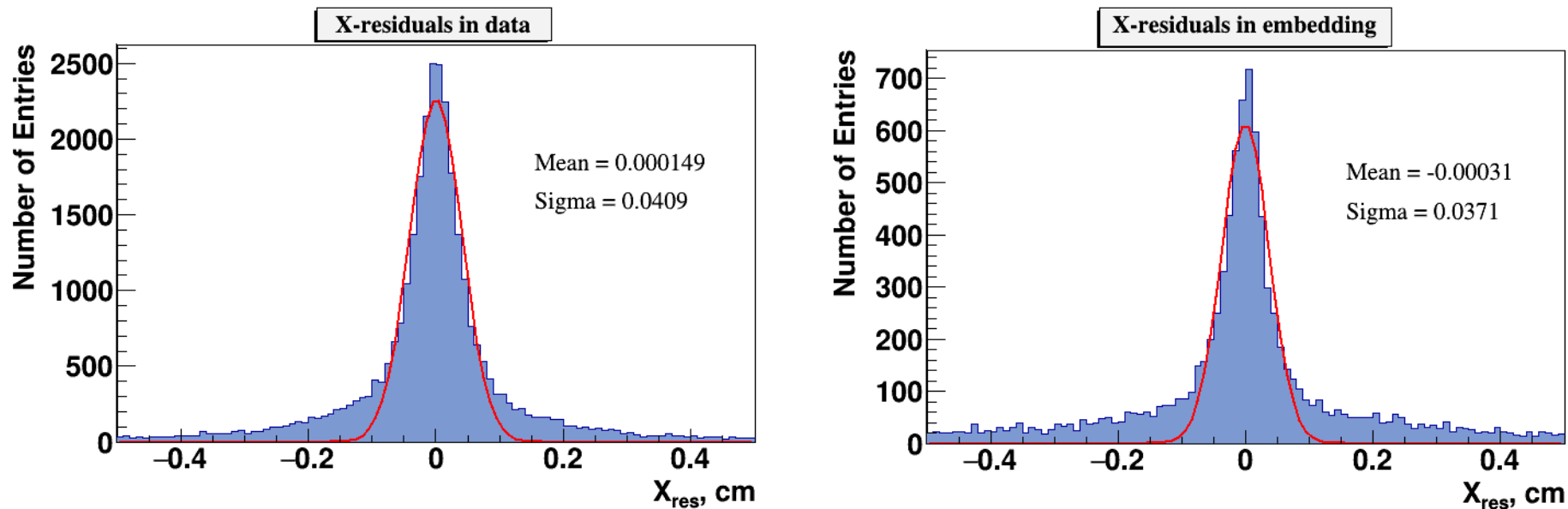


Fig. 12. Residual distributions of GEM hits with respect to reconstructed tracks: left) experimental data, right) reconstructed tracks of embedded Λ decay products.

DCA and PV position

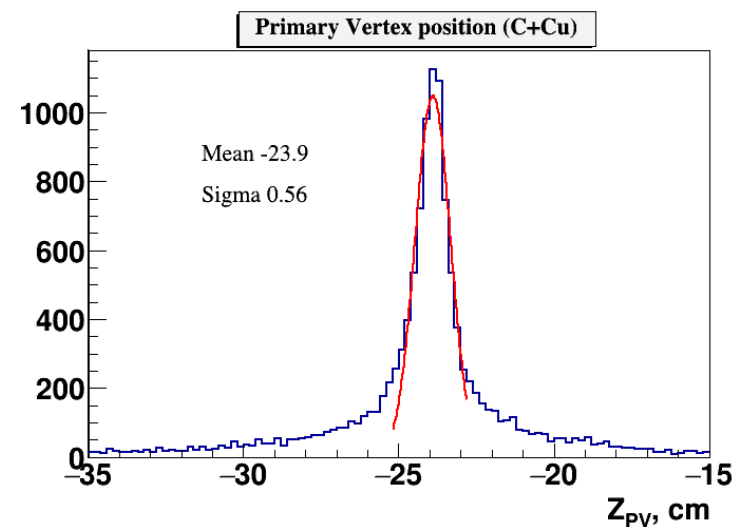
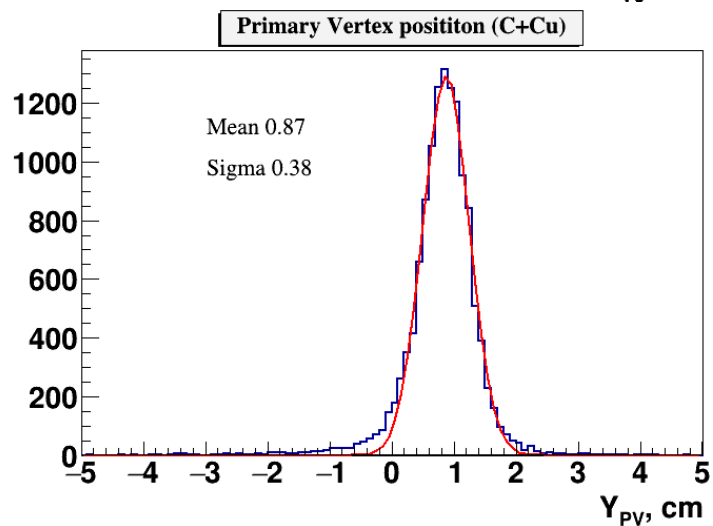
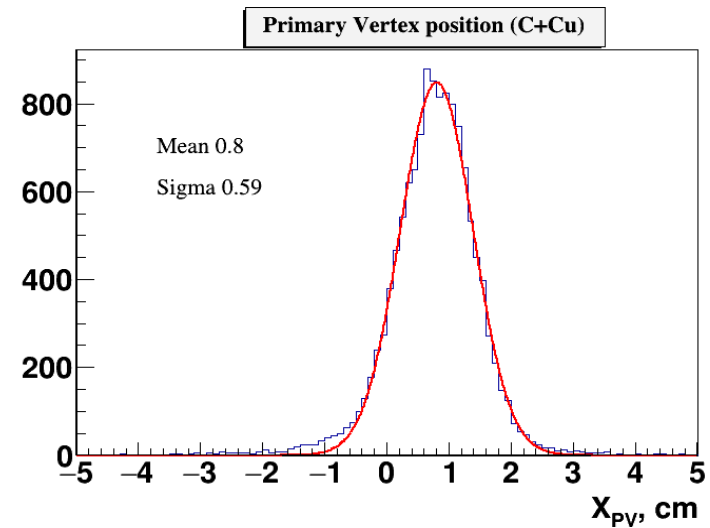
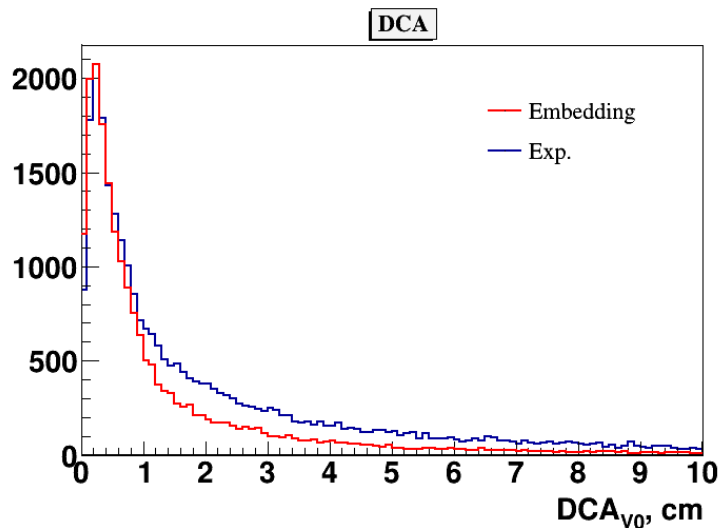


Fig. 12b. Distance of the closest approach of $V0$ decay tracks (DCA) and Z, X, Y distributions of the primary vertex.

Path and momentum distribution

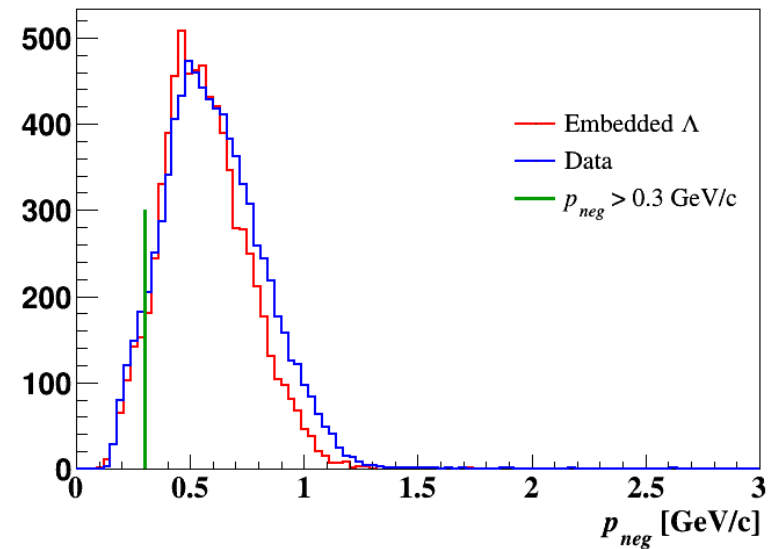
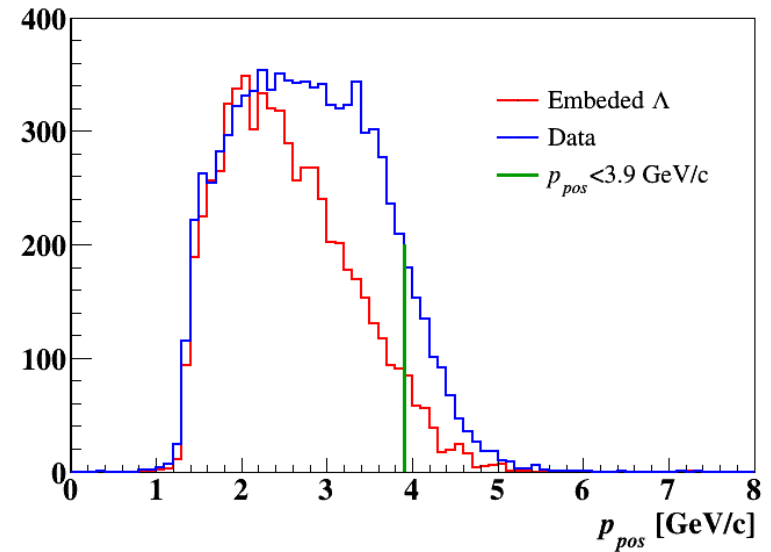
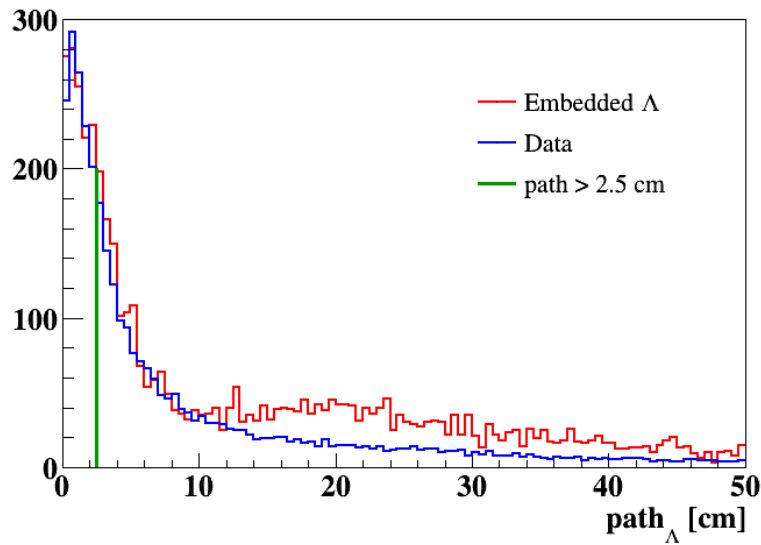


Fig. Path, momentum distributions of positive, negative tracks from $V0$ decays. Experimental data are compared with distributions for embedded Λ hyperons.

The invariant mass spectrum

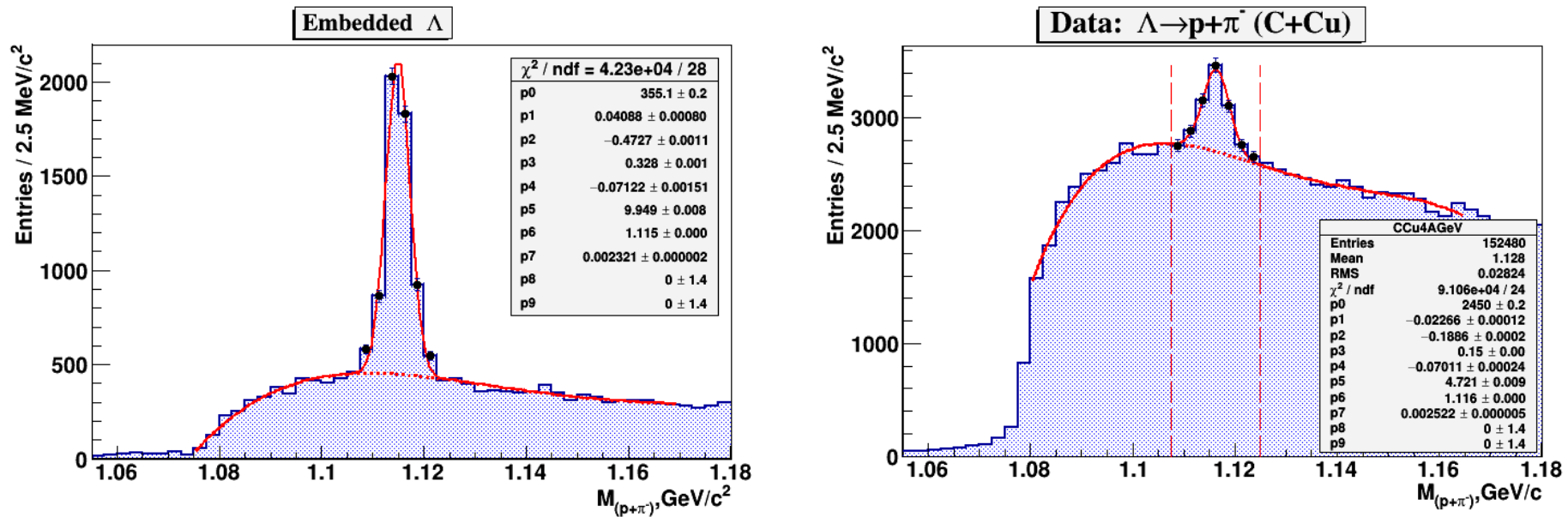


Fig. 13. The invariant mass spectrum of (p, π) pairs reconstructed in the experimental events of $C+Cu$ interactions with embedded Λ hyperon decay products (left); The invariant mass spectrum of (p, π^-) pairs reconstructed in $C+Cu$ interactions (right).