# Operating system Plan9 as the implementation of the GRID ideology

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# Components I

- Resources discover and monitoring
- Resources allocation
- Communication
- Authentication
- Data access

#### Middleware I

- The mediator between tasks running on remote computers
- A set of software tools for messaging within the network, remote call procedures, access to resources
- It creates a single virtual environment for executing distributed applications, independent of the network services, hardware platforms, operating environments, and geographical remoteness

# Implementations I

- Globus Toolkit
- UNICORE
- gLite

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#### Main conceptions

- All resources are represented as files and are available in a hierarchical file system
- Local and remote resources are not distinguished, 9P protocol is implemented for access to them
- Each process group has its own namespace. It is made up of the file hierarchies provided by different resources

# Everything is a file I

#### Unix: Most the entities is a file

#### **Files**

- /dev/tty
- /proc

#### Not files

- network interfaces
- X Window

# Everything is a file II

### Plan9: Everything is a file

- /dev/cons
- /prog
- ftp
- tar
- network interfaces
- window system

# Using IP I

- /net/dns: the resolution of domain names
  - % echo www.google.com!http > /net/dns
- Using a remote host for the connection
  - % import otherhost /net
  - % telnet tcp!www.google.com

# 9P protocol I

- Couple entire Plan9
- Distributed file system
- Only 17 messages: 3 to authenticate, 14 to take actions

# Namespace I

- Manipulating namespace
  - bind
  - union
  - mount
  - unmount
- The standardized naming of services
- Locality
  - Unix: global namespace
  - Plan9: local namespace for each process

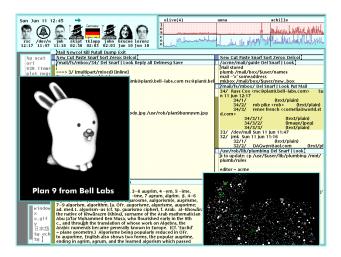
## Authentication I

- The absence of superuser
- The authentication server: factotum

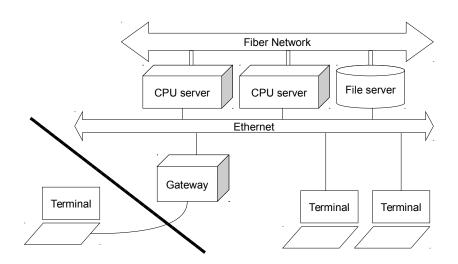
### The user interface I

- Unix-like command line interface
- Unicode
- Text-based graphical user interface (like A2, former Bluebottle)
- Mouse centric interface
- Plumbing

#### The user interface II



## Installation structure I



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### Plan9 variants I

- Plan 9 from Bell Labs
- Plan 9 from User Space
- 9legacy. Set of patches to Plan 9 from Bell Labs
- 9atom
- 9front
- NIX High performance cloud computing
- NxM. Kernel for NIX
- Harvey. Plan 9 with gcc and clang support
- Inferno



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- Unix: processes and threads
- Plan9: a single class of processes, allowing granular control of resource sharing (rfork)

APE is a set of headers and binaries libraries, built on ANSI C and POSIX interface

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- Communication: 9P2000
- Distributed authentication
- Distributed monitoring: devmon
- Resources discover: ResFS



Wer's nicht glaubt, bezahlt einen Taler